# WarpDrive SoW (v1)

"A system to accelerate the availability of data by maintaining structure on a Copy-On-Write capable inline device, further reducing bandwidth, disk space and disk I/O usage."

Goal

1st deliverable (this SOW)

Future deliverable

Environment

Configuration

Security

Operating System Level capabilities

Performance

Reliability

GUI

Disaster management and recovery

Monitoring

Testing and validation

#### 1. Goal

The goal is to productize the current Methodics Warpdrive R&D prototype in the form of 2 deliverables

#### 1st deliverable (this SOW)

Develop, test and release of a virtual appliance that will perform as per specifications described below (v1)

#### Future deliverable

- A hardware appliance built specifically for WarpDrive usage
- this is coming later (not part of this SOW) and is contingent on a successful 1st deliverable

#### 2. Environment

- 2.1. Minimal KVM appliance with latest Debian & kernel stable
- 2.2. Operating system should be upgradeable easily in order to enable security patches and new kernels

- 2.3. A mechanism to upgrade the ZFS filesystem layer of the kernel and guarantee 1-version backwards compatibility of data or handle data migration if required
- 2.4. Environment shall provide SSH access for management tasks
- 2.5. A built-in smoke test suite: A simple test that tests the vitals of the system and tests the stack **(2.6)**
- 2.6. Create warpdrive filesystem over NFS and/or locally, generate random data, snapshot data, clone snapshot, modify dataset, promote dataset, export dataset, mount dataset, verify data, unmount dataset, destroy dataset.

## 3. Configuration

- 3.1. virtual appliance should be buildable via a single script or automated process
- 3.2. Environment specific configuration should be handled via a template (format TBD)
- 3.3. virtual appliance environment configuration needs to be modifiable at runtime.
- 3.4. Template should be used at build time (3.1) and for modifications at runtime (3.3)

#### 4. Security

- 4.1. MDX will own root. sysadmin/sysops can be added to the sudoers file (commands TBD)
- 4.2. Environment should be secure and not expose any unnecessary ports to the outside world
- 4.3. System needs to honor NFS ACLs and related user permission bits

## 5. Operating System Level capabilities

- 5.1. System shall provide snapshotting, cloning, clone promotion, NFS exporting and Copy-on-write capabilities at the filesystem layer via either a python-compatible library (v2) or user space tools (zpool, zfs) (v1).
- 5.2. ZFSonLinux shall be used unless mentioned otherwise.
- 5.3. System shall be able to use NFS mounts, files, drives, block devices as datastore for the filesystem datasets holding snapshots and clones
- 5.4. System shall be able to NFS export COW clones individually once created (ZFS sharenfs)
- 5.5. System shall be able to produce WarpDrive filesystem usage metrics of operations and associated metadata (Operation/second) on top of available performance metrics such as (zpool iostat)
- 5.6. System shall be able to expose usage metrics in an industry standard form (snmp?).

#### 6. Performance

- 6.1. System shall support LACP bonding (if hardware supports)
- 6.2. System shall be as close to wireline speed as possible in terms of networking protocols (NFS).
- 6.3. System shall produce consistent, repeatable, documented results under specific datastore configurations (NFS, files, disks, ..)
- 6.4. System shall be tested for concurrent access and concurrent operations 6.4.1. the limits will be documented and understood.

## 7. Reliability

7.1. System shall be testable for reliability and should be able to generate reliability numbers

#### 8. **GUI**

- 8.1. No GUI deliverables at this time
  - 8.1.1. A dashboard will be planned in a future release (v2?)
- 8.2. System will provide CLI tools to manage the virtual appliance.

## 9. Disaster management and recovery

- 9.1. The system will come with a set of procedures that will guarantee reasonable data recovery in case of a catastrophic failure.
- 9.2. An exhaustive list of possible catastrophic failures and recovery procedures will be documented.

## 10. Monitoring

10.1. System should be monitoring itself and report any failures via syslog

## 11. Testing and validation

- 11.1. Develop a reusable performance and functional testing suite/framework for the virtual appliance
- 11.2. WarpDrive datasets need to pass industry-standard file system tests (TBD)